

令和7年度
聖徳大学 編入学試験 A日程

(令和6年10月6日実施)

<英 語>

受験にあたっての注意

- (1) 解答は「マーク式解答用紙」に記入してください。
- (2) 「問題用紙」と「解答用紙」は、別になっています。
- (3) 試験開始の合図があるまで、この「問題用紙」を開いてはいけません。
- (4) 「問題用紙」の表紙と、「マーク式解答用紙」の指定欄に「受験番号」と「氏名」を忘れずに記入してください。
- (5) 配付された「問題用紙」、「マーク式解答用紙」は、すべて提出してください。
- (6) 試験終了後は、答案の回収、確認が全て終わるまで、着席しててください。
- (7) 携帯電話などの通信機器の電源は切っておいてください。
- (8) 不正行為のあった場合は、ただちに受験を停止させ、受験を無効にするとともに、その後の受験は認めません。

受験番号		氏名	
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英語

問題 A 次の英文の (1) ~ (10) に入る最も適切な語をそれぞれア～エから1つ選び、答えはマーク式解答用紙の1番～10番にマークしなさい。

1. I'm terribly upset, and I don't know what to do. Can you give me some (1)?

ア advice イ safety ウ action エ promise

2. A: I like these jeans. Can I (2) them on?

B: Sure. The fitting rooms are just over there.

ア turn イ get ウ try エ look

3. Unfortunately, I got on a train during rush hour and it was so (3).

ア heavy イ narrow ウ scared エ crowded

4. I'm sorry to drop by without notice. I know you're busy, (4) I won't stay long.

ア or イ so ウ although エ for

5. May I ask you a (5), John? Would you pick up some milk for me on the way home?

ア kindness イ point ウ courage エ favor

6. The two tennis players (6) with each other to win the championship game yesterday.

ア arranged イ suspended ウ competed エ responded

7. It seems that nobody in this office can deal with such delicate matters (7).

ア fluently イ slightly ウ rarely エ properly

8. I'm very busy at the moment. Please don't call me (8) it's an

emergency.

ア whether イ unless ウ while エ since

9. A: I hear that Dr. Tokunaga's speech (9) the students that were present in the lecture hall yesterday.

B: Yes. I was there, too, and it was very interesting.

ア impressed イ assigned ウ dismissed エ reflected

10. Due to the months of unusually dry weather, this part of the country is suffering from a (10) water shortage this summer.

ア strict イ vague ウ regular エ severe

問題 B 次の英文の (11) ~ (20) に入る最も適切な語句をそれぞれア～エから1つ選び、答えはマーク式解答用紙の11番～20番にマークしなさい。

11. French language (11) at Barton High School for over 40 years.

ア taught イ is taught ウ has been teaching
エ has been taught

12. Jane looks most beautiful (12) her blue dress with a pattern of white flowers.

ア into イ by ウ in エ on

13. (13) was the weather like in Hokkaido last weekend?

ア What イ How ウ Which エ Why

14. Excuse me, would you mind (14) a picture of us?

ア take イ took ウ taken エ taking

15. Although he was very tired, Tom stayed up late to write his report. He managed (15) it done on time.

ア to get イ get ウ got エ getting

16. A: Did you go to the party the day before yesterday?
 B: Yes, I did. It was very (16)! Famous film stars came and they gave me their autographs.
 ア excited イ much excited ウ exciting エ too exciting
17. Those (17) want to go abroad to study have to pass written examinations and an interview.
 ア who イ whose ウ why エ what
18. My uncle's family has a cute cat (18) Grace.
 ア to call イ call ウ called エ calling
19. What we have to decide now is (19) we should move our headquarters to Osaka or not.
 ア what イ whether ウ where エ which
20. Kathy still hasn't completed her work. She (20) it by last Friday.
 ア finishes イ has finished ウ will finish エ should have finished

問題 C 次の 1. ~ 5. の会話文の (21) ~ (25) に入る最も適切な表現をそれぞれア~エから 1 つ選び、答えはマーク式解答用紙の 21 番 ~ 25 番にマークしなさい。

1.
 Danielle: I got two entrance tickets for "The Weekend Talk Show"!
 Chihiro: Great! (21)
 Danielle: Well, I was hoping you'd join me.
 Chihiro: Really? That'll be fantastic!

- 21
 ア Could you join me? イ Could you tell me?
 ウ Is anyone going with you? エ How did you get them?

2.

Zack: This music festival is great! I'm having so much fun!

Naomi: Really? (22)

Zack: Yeah! Thanks for inviting me!

Naomi: You're welcome.

22

ア I'm disappointed to hear that.

イ I'm curious about this.

ウ I'm thrilled you're going.

エ I'm glad you like it.

3.

Takuya: Did you study for the physics test? It's in an hour and I studied hard for it.

Shingo: (23) because I thought the test was going to be tomorrow. I was studying English instead.

Takuya: Are you serious? This test is worth 30% of the grade.

23

ア No, I couldn't

イ No, I didn't

ウ Yes, I could

エ Yes, I did

4.

Mika: I'll start my new school next month, and I'm worried.

Hana: What are you worried about?

Mika: I'm scared! Maybe I won't be able to (24) in the class.

Hana: Don't worry, you'll make new friends right away.

24

ア get along with everyone

イ find it very easily

ウ make up with the teacher

エ finish my homework in time

5.

John: I'm looking for a nice Korean restaurant.

Hotel clerk: There's one not far away called Korean Palace.

John: Oh, I've been there already. Do you know of another place?

Hotel clerk: Yes, (25).

25

- ア that is another one here
- イ another one is fine with me
- ウ I like Korean food, too
- エ there's one just around the corner

問題 D 次の 26. ~ 30. の日本文と同じ意味になるように () 内の語句を並べ替えて英文を完成させる場合、() 内で 3 番目にくる記号をア~オから 1 つ選び、答えはマーク式解答用紙の 26 番 ~ 30 番にマークしなさい。

26. 私は早く着いたので、よい席が取れました。

I (ア to イ enough ウ get エ arrived オ early) a good seat.

27. その男性は弁護士か医者のだちらかだと思います。

I think (ア a lawyer イ is ウ the man エ or オ either) a doctor.

28. クリスはクラスで 3 番目に背が高い少年です。

Chris (ア the third イ in ウ tallest エ boy オ is) his class.

29. 欧米の国々では、食事中に音を立てることは失礼です。

In Western countries, it is (ア make イ to ウ impolite エ noise オ while) eating.

30. 遊び場にいる子どもたちは、ひざを曲げてトンネルを通り抜けました。

The children in the playground went (ア the tunnel イ through ウ their knees エ with オ bent).

問題 E 次の手紙文を読み、31. ～ 33. の質問に対する最も適切な答えをそれぞれア～エから1つ選び、答えはマーク式解答用紙の31番～33番にマークしなさい。

Dear Amy,

I promised in my last letter that I'd tell you all about my summer vacation. Do you remember I wanted to climb Mt. Fuji this year? Well, I did it. But it was really difficult! Well, actually I should say that WE did it, because I was not alone. I climbed the mountain with my family and two of my friends.

The hike up to the top took us over ten hours. We started the climb on Friday evening and arrived at the top the next morning, just as the sun was rising. It was the first time I'd ever watched the sunrise. It was so beautiful. But Mt. Fuji itself is not so pretty when you get near the top, because there are no trees or rivers. It only has rocks.

I'm sending you some pictures from our climb. As you can see, the weather was perfect. There wasn't a cloud in the sky. In the first picture, you can see us sitting at the top of the mountain. We stayed there for about 30 minutes. We carried some food and drink with us, so we were able to eat breakfast on Mt. Fuji and look at the view below us. It's a wonderful memory.

In the second picture, you can see me hiking back down. It only took us four hours to get down. The way up was much more difficult. The only trouble was that we finished all the tea that we'd carried with us before starting down, so I got really thirsty.

When we got to the bottom of the mountain, we took a bus and then a train back to Tokyo. I was so tired that I slept all the way home. It was a great experience, but once is enough. Next time, I think I'll go to a mountain that has a cable car!

Best wishes,

Yuka

Questions:

31. When did Yuka arrive at the top of Mt. Fuji?

- ア Friday evening.
- イ Saturday morning.
- ウ Saturday evening.
- エ Sunday morning.

32. What did Yuka do at the top of Mt. Fuji?

- ア Relax for three hours.
- イ Look at the clouds.
- ウ Eat breakfast.
- エ Watch the sunset.

33. What was the problem with the trip back down the mountain?

- ア There was no cable car.
- イ There was no good food.
- ウ There was nowhere to sleep.
- エ There was nothing left to drink.

問題 F 次の英文を読み、34. ～ 38. の質問に対する最も適切な答えを、それぞれア～エから1つ選び、答えはマーク式解答用紙の34番～38番にマークしなさい。

People often wonder, “Can money buy happiness?” The short answer is “yes,” but a clear answer is not so simple. People who have a lot of money are usually happier than people who don’t have enough money to pay their bills or have a comfortable life. But when you make about \$75,000 a year (a little over 11 million yen), then having more money does not usually give you more happiness. Americans have much more money than they did 50 years ago, but research shows that they are not happier. “We always think if we just had a little bit more money, we’d be happier, but when we get there, we’re not,” says Professor Catherine Sanderson at Amherst College.

What is more important is how we spend it. People who buy things like new clothes or cars feel good when they buy things, but this feeling goes away quickly. The things we buy may last a long time, but our good feelings about them don’t. However, when we spend money on experiences, our feeling lasts much longer. And the experiences we spend on, whether going on a vacation or going to an amusement park, are generally something we do with other people, which makes our relationships stronger. Our relationships have a big effect on our happiness. Therefore, going on a vacation with friends is a better investment* in happiness than buying things for ourselves.

Studies show that we feel good when our salary goes up, but that feeling, too, lasts a very short time. We get used to making more money and our desires for things and more money only increase. We often compare ourselves to others. When our friends or coworkers make more than we do, even if we make a lot of money, we often feel unhappy. Many people feel that they must have as much money or things as the people they are close to, even if those things don’t really make us happy. We call this thinking “Keeping up with the Joneses.”

Professor Elizabeth Dunn at the University of British Columbia did some research in Canada and learned that people there feel happier by spending money on other people instead of on themselves. She wanted to see if this would be true in other countries, so she studied people in different countries.

Whether they were rich or poor, people from various countries around the world felt happier when they spent money on other people.

(注) investment : 投資

Questions:

34. Which of the following sentences is true?
- ア Having more money can make a difference in happiness when you are poor.
 - イ People making \$75,000 a year usually become happier with a lot more money.
 - ウ There is no difference in happiness between rich people and poor people.
 - エ Almost everyone becomes happier with life when they make more money.
35. What happened to people in America in the last 50 years?
- ア People became wealthier and happier.
 - イ More people are poor, but it did not change their happiness.
 - ウ People make more money, but they are not happier.
 - エ The rich became richer and the poor became poorer, so only the rich are happier.
36. What does the writer say about spending money on things and on experiences?
- ア If happiness is your goal, spend money on having experiences with other people.
 - イ Happiness depends on what kind of things you buy.
 - ウ Things last a long time, so buying them is a good way to spend money.
 - エ Spending money on things and experiences does not make you any happier.
37. What does “Keeping up with the Joneses” mean?
- ア We must remind ourselves of “the Joneses,” who have less money than we do.
 - イ We compare ourselves to the people close to us, which affects our happiness.
 - ウ We have an image of super rich people, “the Joneses,” who we want to be

like.

- エ We want to help other people, so it is important to take care of our neighbors.

38. What did Professor Dunn learn from her research?

- ア People in poor countries compare themselves to people in rich countries.
- イ Poor people all over the world give more than rich people do.
- ウ People in different countries feel good when they give to other people.
- エ People all over the world feel happier when they are given something.